

Integration Test Summary SE01

Schneider Electric Modicon M580 and PROFIBUS for
Primaries & Metal Industry



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1 Document Information

1.1 Purpose and Scope

This document specifies the Open Integration Reference Topology SE01. All content of this document is jointly developed, reviewed and approved by Schneider Electric and Endress+Hauser as a common deliverable of Open Integration.

1.2 Document History

This is version 1.00.00 of this document. Version history:

| Version | Released | Description |
|---------|----------|-----------------|
| 1.00.00 | 2015-12 | Initial version |

1.3 Related Documents

Please refer to related documents as listed below:

| Document | Description |
|----------------------|------------------------------------------|
| SD01462S/04/EN/01.15 | Reference Topology SE01 |
| SD01463S/04/EN/01.15 | Integration Tutorial SE01 |
| SD01465S/04/EN/01.15 | List of Tested Devices and Versions SE01 |

2 Preface

Open Integration focuses on complementary system tests to verify integration and interoperability using practical test conditions. This is done by testing the system versus a reference test network with a relevant variety of components and field devices for defined target applications, and asking questions like this:

Is the system prepared to handle a necessary variety of compliant device implementations? How does it deal with multiple device revisions and device replacements? Does it apply reasonable bus settings to share access with other masters? How can field devices be accessed for configuration or asset health monitoring? Is this path stable and performing? ...

Open Integration does not test field devices, field network components or systems as such. All parts of a reference topology under test are released and have passed mandatory integration and interoperability tests as defined by technology foundations upfront.

3 General Introduction

This chapter provides a short introduction to Open Integration testing in general:

3.1 Reference Test Network

Open Integration verifies systems versus a reference test network: Figure 1 shows the principle as applied for PROFIBUS:

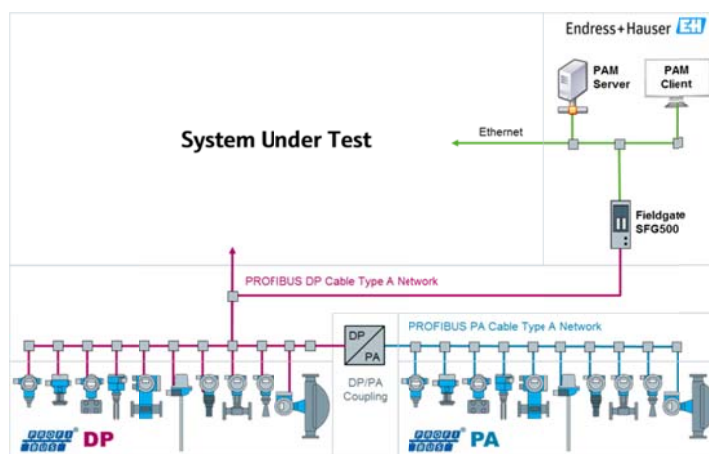


Figure 1: Open Integration Reference Test Network for PROFIBUS

3.2 Integration Test Scenarios

Open Integration verifies supported means for integration into the system and interoperability with other tools. Figure 2 shows the main test scenarios as considered:

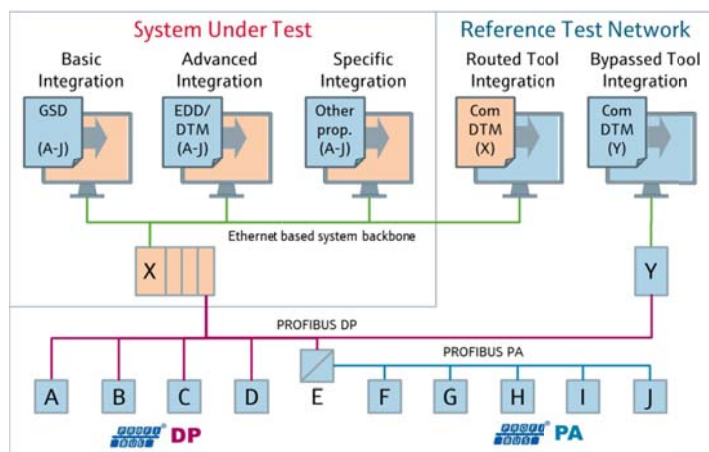


Figure 2: Open Integration Test Scenarios

3.2.1 Basic Integration

This scenario deals with integration of field devices for commissioning of the PROFIBUS network and cyclic communication of process values by means of GSD. As a result, process values with status information are available for further processing within the control strategy of the system. Test cases related to this scenario are mandatory.

3.2.2 Advanced Integration

This scenario deals with integration of field devices also for acyclic communication by means of EDD, DTM or FDI. As a result, the system is enabled to access additional information from field devices, e.g. for an integrated asset management solution. Test cases related to this scenario are mandatory, if the system under test supports such means.

3.2.3 Specific Integration

This scenario considers proprietary means for integration which may be requested by a specific system, e.g. to simplify commissioning or to provide preconfigured elements for visualization. This is optional and not supported by standard test cases. If relevant, a specific set of additional test cases must be defined.

3.2.4 Routed Tool Integration

Vice versa, this scenario deals with integration of system components under test as access path for plant asset management software provided by Endress+Hauser. Test cases related to this scenario are mandatory, if the system under test supports such means.

3.2.5 Bypassed Tool Integration

This scenario focuses on interoperability with other masters connected to the PROFIBUS network to access field devices independently from routing support provided by the system under test. Test cases related to this scenario are mandatory. Test results may serve to complement a missing routing support, or as performance reference for routing support provided by a system under test.

4 Relevant Test Scenarios for SE01

Schneider Electric M580 utilizes Basic Integration by means of GSDs for PROFIBUS as well as Advanced Integration by means of DTM. This has to be tested. Specific Integration is not required.

Schneider Electric M580 supports Routed Tool Integration by means of Communication DTMs. This has to be tested.

Schneider Electric M580 shall also be tested whether to share access with other PROFIBUS master devices for Bypassed Tool Integration.

5 Summary of Test Results for SE01

5.1 Basic Integration

The basic integration workflow for integration of PROFIBUS devices by means of GSD with Schneider Electric M580 has been successfully tested for a variety of devices at different baud rates as follows:

| PROFIBUS devices | | PROFIBUS ID | Baudrate Baud | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|--------------|-------------|---------------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|------|------|----|----|-----|
| | | | 9.6k | 19.2k | 31.25k | 45.45k | 93.75k | 187.5k | 500k | 1.5M | 3M | 6M | 12M |
| Master | PRM | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| PA Slave | Cerabar S | 0x1541 | ✗ | ✗ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| PA Slave | Cerabar M | 0x1553 | ✗ | ✗ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| PA Slave | Deltabar S | 0x1542 | ✗ | ✗ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| PA Slave | Promag 50 | 0x1525 | ✗ | ✗ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| PA Slave | Levelflex | 0x1558 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| PA Slave | Prosonic M | 0x152C | ✗ | ✗ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| PA Slave | Deltapilot M | 0x1555 | ✗ | ✗ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| PA Slave | Micropilot | 0x1559 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| PA Slave | Deltabar M | 0x1554 | ✗ | ✗ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| PA Slave | iTHERM | 0x1551 | ✗ | ✗ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| PA Slave | Prowirl 200 | 0x1564 | ✗ | ✗ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| DP Slave | Promag 53 | 0x1526 | ✓ | ✓ | ✗ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| DP Slave | Promag 100 | 0x1560 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |

Legend

| | |
|---|----------------------------------------------|
| ✓ | Available Baud rate |
| ✗ | Unavailable Baud rate |
| | Baudrate not testable with complete topology |
| ✓ | OK with defaults |
| ✓ | OK with adjustments |
| ✗ | Not OK |

Device Type Library

- All required GSD files can be successfully imported into the Unity Pro DTM Catalog.
- GSD drivers are not sorted according to their slave family structure as defined in the GSD, but reasonably assigned to predefined folders and sub-folders.
- Multiple GSD versions for same device type can be handled by appropriate renaming.

Field Network Configuration

- All slave devices can be successfully manually integrated into a network configuration.
- We don't recommend using the "Field bus discovery" tool for network scanning.
- All slave modules are configured automatically according to slot definitions as specified in GSD. However, Unity Pro does not check for valid module assignments when the configuration is changed manually, in case of module replacement. Invalid assignments will not allow cyclic communication with that slave.
- Invalid Baud rates which are not supported by some devices in a topology can be configured.
- Bus parameters settings are updated automatically according to configured slaves and the defined baud rate.
- The parameter "Default Devices Watchdog" must be manually adjusted for all baud rates other than 45.45 kBaud.
- The parameter "MAX_TSDR" needs to be manually adjusted for baud rates 45.45 kBaud and 93.75 kBaud.
- The calculated timing parameters allowed access also with a secondary master.
- In the Diagnosis menu of the PRM Gateway, wrong indication of diagnostic messages is displayed for DP devices which do not have any diagnostics. Such warnings appear for baud rates of 1.5 MBaud and higher.
- Warnings can be avoided by increasing of calculated PROFIBUS cycle time for baud rates of 1,5 MBaud or higher.
- The DPV1 support option is selected by default, but without further use. This does not work for one tested device. (Prosonic M). Data exchange mode can be established if DVP1 support is disabled.

Control Strategy

- A data structure is created automatically as soon as a new device is added into the field network. However, the default type of the data structure is "ByteArray". Data type modification must be done manually according to GSD.
- Unnecessary free bytes are added in the data structure by Unity Pro. This has no influence on the other data.

5.2 Advanced Integration

The advanced integration workflow for integration of PROFIBUS devices by means of DTM with Schneider Electric M580 has been tested for a variety of devices at different baud rates as follows:

| PROFIBUS devices | | PROFIBUS ID | Baudrate Baud | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|--------------|-------------|---------------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|------|------|----|----|-----|
| | | | 9.6k | 19.2k | 31.25k | 45.45k | 93.75k | 187.5k | 500k | 1.5M | 3M | 6M | 12M |
| Master | PRM | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| PA Slave | Cerabar S | 0x1541 | ✗ | ✗ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| PA Slave | Cerabar M | 0x1553 | ✗ | ✗ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| PA Slave | Deltabar S | 0x1542 | ✗ | ✗ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| PA Slave | Promag 50 | 0x1525 | ✗ | ✗ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| PA Slave | Leveflex | 0x1558 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| PA Slave | Prosonic M | 0x152C | ✗ | ✗ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| PA Slave | Deltapilot M | 0x1555 | ✗ | ✗ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| PA Slave | Micropilot | 0x1559 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| PA Slave | Deltabar M | 0x1554 | ✗ | ✗ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| PA Slave | iTHERM | 0x1551 | ✗ | ✗ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| PA Slave | Prowirl 200 | 0x1564 | ✗ | ✗ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| DP Slave | Promag 53 | 0x1526 | ✓ | ✓ | ✗ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| DP Slave | Promag 100 | 0x1560 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |

Legend

| | |
|---|----------------------------------------------|
| ✓ | Available Baud rate |
| ✗ | Unavailable Baud rate |
| | Baudrate not testable with complete topology |
| | OK with defaults |
| | OK with adjustments |
| | Not OK |

In general, the advanced integration workflow is more user friendly and convenient, but it cannot be applied for a majority of relevant device types today. The reason is a compatibility issue between Endress+Hauser Classic DTMs and Unity Pro. The advanced integration workflow may only be applied for Endress+Hauser field devices with CoDIA DTMs.

Please refer to the list of Endress+Hauser devices with Classic or CoDIA DTM in chapter 7.

Device Type Library

- All required device DTMs can be successfully imported into the Unity Pro DTM Catalog.
- All imported device DTMs are reasonably assigned to predefined folders.
- Multiple DTM revisions for same device type can be handled within the DTM Catalog.

Field Network Configuration

- Classic DTMs cannot be instantiated in Unity Pro as necessary for a field network configuration.
- CoDIA DTMs can be instantiated in Unity Pro as necessary for a network configuration.
- Prowirl 200 requires at least firmware version 01.01.00 and DTM version 1.7.0.135 for successful integration.
- Micropilot with firmware version 01.00.00 and DTM 1.4.0.126 cannot be successfully integrated by means of DTM. We recommend using GSD until newer version is available.
- The "Field bus discovery" tool fails for scanning the correct DTM for most of the connected devices.
- Slave modules are configured automatically according to slot definitions as specified in the device DTM.
- Invalid Baud rates which are not supported by some devices in a topology can be configured.
- Bus parameters settings are updated automatically according to configured slaves and the defined baud rate.
- The parameter "Default Devices Watchdog" must be manually adjusted for all baud rates other than 45.45 kBaud.
- The parameter "MAX_TSDR" needs to be manually adjusted for baud rates 45.45 kBaud and 93.75 kBaud.
- The calculated timing parameters allowed access also with a secondary master.
- In the Diagnosis menu of the PRM Gateway, wrong indication of diagnostic messages is displayed for DP devices which do not have any diagnostics. Such warnings appear for baud rates of 1.5 MBaud and higher.
- Warnings can be avoided by increasing of calculated PROFIBUS cycle time for baud rates of 1,5 MBaud or higher.
- The DPV1 support option is selected by default, but without further use. This does not work for one tested device. (Prosonic M). Data exchange mode can be established if DVP1 support is disabled.

Control Strategy

- A data structure is created automatically as soon as a new device is added into the field network. For the tested CoDIA DTMs, all data structure was automatically created with the correct data type defined in the device DTM.
- Unnecessary free bytes are added in the data structure in Unity Pro. This has no influence on the other data.

Device Configuration

- All Endress+Hauser CoDIA DTMs can be connected in Online mode in Unity Pro.

5.3 Routed Tool Integration

In combination with FieldCare, the Schneider Electric CommDTM "PRM Comm" allows establishing connections to the devices with all Endress+Hauser device DTMs. However, the Schneider Electric CommDTM "PRM Comm" does not provide long time functionality. If a connection is disconnected, the commDTM is not able to reconnect it automatically.

This does not match requirements for plant wide device configuration and asset health monitoring. Therefore we do not recommend applying this in customer projects today.

5.4 Bypassed Tool Integration

The Schneider Electric PRM Gateway and Fieldgate SFG500 showed no issues in sharing access to the same PROFIBUS network. The default bus timing parameters as calculated by Unity Pro were adequate to allow access also for SFG500. Increase of target rotation time may be used to improve performance for device configuration.

It must be considered that the SFG500 adapts to the current bus parameters only at time when connected. If the network configuration is changed e.g. by adding or removing slaves via Unity Pro, the SFG500 needs to be disconnected from the PROFIBUS or rebooted to adapt accordingly.

Bypassed Tool Integration of Schneider Electric M580 and Fieldgate SFG500 can be recommended for device configuration and asset health monitoring in projects.

6 Open Integration Result

| Reference Topology ME01 | Recommended | Not Recommended | Not Applicable |
|---------------------------|-------------|-----------------|----------------|
| Basic Integration | X | | |
| Advanced Integration | | X | |
| Specific Integration | | | X |
| Routed Tool Integration | | X | |
| Bypassed Tool Integration | X | | |

7 Appendix: Classic or CoDIA DTMs

List of Endress+Hauser PROFIBUS devices in production, Status October 2015:

7.1 PROFIBUS PA devices

7.1.1 Classic DTMs

| Family | Dev. Type | Firmware | Rel. Date | Meas. Princ. | Product Roots |
|---------------|-----------|----------|------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| Cerabar M | 0x1553 | 1.00.01 | 30.11.2013 | Pressure Process | PMC51, PMP51, PMP55 |
| Cerabar M | 0x1553 | 1.00.00 | 28.02.2011 | Pressure Process | PMC51, PMP51, PMP55 |
| Cerabar S | 0x1541 | 4.01.00 | 07.10.2013 | Pressure Process | PMC71, PMP71, PMP72, PMP75 |
| Deltabar M | 0x1554 | 1.00.01 | 30.11.2013 | Pressure Differential | PMD55 |
| Deltabar M | 0x1554 | 1.00.00 | 28.02.2011 | Pressure Differential | PMD55 |
| Deltabar S | 0x1542 | 4.01.00 | 07.10.2013 | Pressure Differential | FMD76, FMD77, FMD78, PMD70, PMD75 |
| Deltapilot M | 0x1555 | 1.00.01 | 30.11.2013 | Pressure Hydrostatic | FMB50, FMB51, FMB52, FMB53 |
| Deltapilot M | 0x1555 | 1.00.00 | 28.02.2011 | Pressure Hydrostatic | FMB50, FMB51, FMB52, FMB53 |
| Deltapilot S | 0x154F | 4.01.00 | 07.10.2013 | Pressure Hydrostatic | FMB70 |
| Display | 0x1569 | 1.00.00 | 29.11.2013 | Display Counter | RID14 |
| Display | 0x156A | 01.00.00 | 29.11.2013 | Display Counter | RID16 |
| Gammapiot M | 0x1548 | 1.03.08 | 10.08.2015 | Level Radiometric | FMG60 |
| Gammapiot M | 0x1548 | 1.03.06 | 30.10.2010 | Level Radiometric | FMG60 |
| iTEMP | 0x1549 | 1.01.03 | 01.08.2011 | Temperature Transmitter | TMT162, TMT162C, TMT162R |
| iTEMP | 0x1551 | 1.01.04 | 15.07.2014 | Temperature Transmitter | TMT84 |
| Liquiphant | 0x152B | 1.3 | 20.01.2004 | Level Vibronic Liquid | FTL50, FTL50H, FTL51, FTL51C, FTL51H, FTL51K, |
| Liquisys M | 0x1515c | 2.37 | 14.12.2012 | Analysis Conductive Cond. | CLM223, CLM253 |
| Liquisys M | 0x1515i | 2.36 | 14.12.2012 | Analysis Conductive Ind. | CLM223, CLM253 |
| Liquisys M | 0x1516 | 2.73 | 14.12.2012 | Analysis pH/ORP | CPM223, CPM253 |
| Liquisys M | 0x1517 | 2.36 | 14.12.2012 | Analysis Turbidity | CUM223, CUM253 |
| Liquisys M | 0x1518 | 2.49 | 14.12.2012 | Analysis Oxygen | COM223, COM223F, COM253, COM253F |
| Liquisys M | 0x1519 | 2.34 | 14.12.2012 | Analysis Chlorine | CCM223, CCM253 |
| Mycom S | 0x1535 | 1.22.06 | 16.12.2013 | Analysis Conductive Cond. | CLM153 |
| Mycom S | 0x1537 | 1.22.06 | 16.12.2013 | Analysis Conductive Ind. | CLM153 |
| Mycom S | 0x1539 | 1.61.01 | 16.12.2013 | Analysis pH/ORP | CPM153 |
| Promag | 0x1525 | 3.06.01 | 11.11.2010 | Flow Electro-Magnetic | 50D, 50E, 50H, 50L, 50P, 50W |
| Promag | 0x1527a | 3.06.01 | 11.11.2010 | Flow Electro-Magnetic | 53E, 53H, 53L, 53P, 53W |
| Promag | 0x1527b | 3.06.01 | 11.11.2010 | Flow Electro-Magnetic | 55H, 55S |
| Promass | 0x1528 | 3.06.01 | 11.11.2010 | Flow Coriolis | 80A, 80E, 80F, 80H, 80I, 80M, 80P, 80S |
| Promass | 0x152A | 3.06.01 | 11.11.2010 | Flow Coriolis | 83A, 83E, 83F, 83H, 83I, 83M, 83O, 83P, 83S, 83X |
| Prosonic Flow | 0x1530 | 3.06.01 | 11.11.2010 | Flow Ultrasonic | 93C, 93P, 93W |
| Prosonic Flow | 0x154C | 1.01.04 | 26.07.2012 | Flow Ultrasonic | 92F |
| Prosonic M | 0x152C | 1.04.00 | 07.08.2006 | Level Ultrasonic | FMU40, FMU41, FMU41K, FMU42, FMU43, FMU44 |
| Prowirl | 0x153B | 1.03.02 | 28.03.2011 | Flow Vortex | 72F, 72W |
| Prowirl | 0x153C | 1.03.02 | 28.03.2011 | Flow Vortex | 73F, 73W |
| Smartec S | 0x153E | 1.57.00 | 10.09.2013 | Analysis Conductivity | CLD132, CLD134 |
| t-mass | 0x1550 | 3.06.01 | 01.02.2011 | Flow Thermal | 65F, 65I |

7.1.2 CoDIA DTMs

| Family | Dev. Type | Firmware | Rel. Date | Meas. Princ. | Product Roots |
|-------------|-----------|----------|------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| Levelflex | 0x1558 | 1.01.00 | 07.04.2015 | Level Guided Radar | FMP50, FMP51, FMP52, FMP53, FMP54, FMP55, |
| Liquiline M | 0x1565 | 2.01.00 | 23.02.2015 | Analysis pH/ORP | CM42 |
| Liquiline M | 0x1566 | 2.01.00 | 23.02.2015 | Analysis Conductivity | CM42 |
| Liquiline M | 0x1567 | 2.01.00 | 23.02.2015 | Analysis Oxygen | CM42 |
| Micropilot | 0x1559 | 1.01.00 | 07.04.2015 | Level Radar | FMR50, FMR51, FMR52, FMR53, FMR54, FMR56, |
| Promass 200 | 0x155F | 1.01.01 | 07.07.2015 | Flow Coriolis | 8E2B, 8F2B |
| Prowirl 200 | 0x1564 | 1.01.01 | 06.05.2015 | Flow Vortex | 7C2B, 7D2B, 7F2B, 7O2B, 7R2B |

7.2 PROFIBUS DP

7.2.1 Classic DTMs

| Family | Dev. Type | Firmware | Rel. Date | Meas. Princ. | Product Roots |
|---------------|-----------|----------|------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| EnergyManager | 0x153F | 3.06.02 | 13.02.2012 | n.a. | RMC621, RMS621 |
| Liquisys M | 0x151D | 2.34 | 14.12.2012 | Analysis Chlorine | CCM223, CCM253 |
| Liquisys M | 0x151E | 2.49 | 14.12.2012 | Analysis Oxygen | COM223, COM223F, COM253, COM253F |
| Liquisys M | 0x151F | 2.36 | 14.12.2012 | Analysis Turbidity | CUM223, CUM253 |
| Liquisys M | 0x1520 | 2.73 | 14.12.2012 | Analysis pH/ORP | CPM223, CPM253 |
| Liquisys M | 0x1521c | 2.37 | 14.12.2012 | Analysis Conductive Cond. | CLM223, CLM253 |
| Liquisys M | 0x1521i | 2.36 | 14.12.2012 | Analysis Conductive Ind. | CLM223, CLM253 |
| Memograph M | 0x1552 | 2.11.08 | 28.01.2015 | Registration Recorder | RSG40 |
| Promag | 0x1526a | 3.06.10 | 25.08.2011 | Flow Electro-Magnetic | 53E, 53H, 53L, 53P, 53W |
| Promag | 0x1526b | 3.06.10 | 25.08.2011 | Flow Electro-Magnetic | 55H, 55S |
| Promag | 0x1546 | 3.06.10 | 25.08.2011 | Flow Electro-Magnetic | 50D, 50E, 50H, 50L, 50P, 50W |
| Promass | 0x1529 | 3.06.10 | 25.08.2011 | Flow Coriolis | 83A, 83E, 83F, 83H, 83I, 83M, 83O, 83P, 83S, 83X |
| Prosonic Flow | 0x1531 | 3.06.10 | 25.08.2011 | Flow Ultrasonic | 93C, 93P, 93W |
| Prosonic S | 0x1540 | 2.01.05 | 15.08.2014 | Flow Ultrasonic | FMU90 |
| Prosonic S | 0x154E | 1.01.05 | 15.08.2014 | Flow Ultrasonic | FMU95 |
| Smartec S | 0x153D | 1.57.00 | 10.09.2013 | Analysis Conductivity | CLD132, CLD134 |
| t-mass | 0x1545 | 3.06.10 | 25.08.2011 | Flow Thermal | 65F, 65I |

7.2.2 CoDIA DTMs

| Family | Dev. Type | Firmware | Rel. Date | Meas. Princ. | Product Roots |
|--------------|-----------|----------|------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| Liquiline | 0x155D | 1.05.03 | 30.06.2015 | Analysis Multiparameter | CM442, CM442R, CM444, CM444R, CM448, CM448R |
| Liquistation | 0x155C | 1.05.03 | 30.06.2015 | Analysis Water Sampler | CSF34, CSF48 |
| Promag 100 | 0x1560 | 1.01.02 | 07.05.2015 | Flow Electro-Magnetic | 5E1B, 5H1B, 5P1B |
| Promag 400 | 0x1562 | 1.00.05 | 28.07.2015 | Flow Electro-Magnetic | 5D4C, 5L4C, 5W4C |
| Promass 100 | 0x1561 | 1.01.05 | 06.05.2015 | Flow Coriolis | 8A1B, 8C1B, 8E1B, 8F1B, 8G1B, 8H1B, 8I1B, 8O1B |

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